FCM consulting

Global Quarterly Trend Report 00000

Q2-2024

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About the Report

This FCM Consulting quarterly trend report draws on global data sourced from FCM Travel and Flight Centre Travel Group corporate booking data for travel from April to June 2024 (Q2-2024). The report uses Cirium aviation schedule data as of August 19th, 2024. Airfare pricing variations exclude all taxes.

The hotel Average Room Rate (ARR) quoted is the average booked rate using FCM Travel and Flight Centre Travel Group corporate booking data. Variations in rates booked are a reflection of seasonality, supply and demand, booking lead times, and variations in exchange rates. STR hotel content quoted as of August 12th, 2024.

Unless otherwise stated all fares and rates are reported in US dollars.

CORPORATE Need to Know

In Q2-2024, business travel continued incremental growth, and it's this sector that is forecast for moderated growth for the remainder of 2024.

- Global hotel occupancy climbed to nearly 70% by the end of H1-2024, and air travel demand grew steadily throughout the same period.
- As the northern hemisphere summer emerges, we forecast travel demand to grow steadily through the next quarter. Geopolitical unrest and economic conditions will continue to impact travel industry forecasts through the rest of 2024.

This Q2-2024 report represents six months of positive travel industry momentum, which is somewhat difficult to forecast for H2-2024.



AIRLINES STRONG Passenger demand is strong. Economy fares rose **↑\$65** year as of May 2024.

IN-PERSON PREVAILS Demand for inperson meetings and events continues to rise.

GLOBAL ECONOMY Economic uncertainty remains, placing the H2-2024 travel cost forecast on hold. PROACTIVE TRAVEL MANAGEMENT To have a successful modern travel program, you need a plan.



HOTEL OCCUPANCY

The Middle East and APAC regions are strong with **69%** occupancy.

CAR RENTAL The global H1-2024 average daily rate was **\$54**, falling back to 2019 levels.

CORPORATE TRAVEL Key Macro Indicators Q2-2024



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INFLATION

Inflation continues to ease compared to previous periods. The average of all consolidated G20 markets report the variation **↓0.39** for the period ending June 2024.





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PMI

The Purchase Manager's Index (PMI) is showing a decline in June/July 2024 compared to March/April 2024, specifically in the manufacturing sector. For the G20 markets, the average variation ratio is **\U0.01**



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GDP & UNEMPLOYMENT

Reviewing December 2023 data, GDP increased by a variation ratio of 0.05 for the average of all G20 markets, with a few countries showing negative trends.

In contrast, unemployment ratios continue to increase. G20 markets average **↑0.15**.



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FUEL

Jet fuel^ \$105 -\$100 a barrel



For more information relating to the G20 Macro Economic results, refer to the last page of this report. ^ IATA Fuel Monitor reported the week ending 19 July 2024

AVIATION Key Takeaways Q2-2024

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FARE SHAKE UPS

The calendar year to date, **May 2024**, saw a rise in average paid tickets in economy class **↑\$65 (+15%)** and business class **↑\$209 (+11%)** versus the **2019** same period.

YTD-2024 vs 2019	ECONOMY	BUSINESS
APAC	+ 13%	+ 15%
EUROPE	+ 13%	+ 5%
LATAM	+ 9%	- 16%
MEA	+ 14%	+ 18%
NAM	+ 15%	+ 8%



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NDC NEWS

NDC transactions in June 2024 represented **21.5%** of ARC* total transactions up **↑3.5%** on December 2023.

During H1-2024, several airlines continued to grow their NDC content via direct connect and/or aggregators. The ability for travel management companies to contract directly and also via aggregators such as Sabre, Amadeus, TPConnects, and others enables corporations to shop and choose fare content.



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PASSENGER DEMAND

Global passenger demand, as reported by IATA^, was up **↑9.1%** in June 2024 compared to the same month in 2023.

International passenger demand saw the largest growth of **↑12.3%** and passenger load factors were **85.0%**, an increase of **↑ 12.7%** year on year.

Domestic passenger demand was ↑4.3%, and passenger load factors were 85.0% an increase of ↑2.1% year on year.

* ARC (Airline Reporting Corporation) NDC-type sales reported through ARC Direct Connect was 7% in December 2022, 10% average over January to July 2023, and by July 2023 hit 12%, ending the year in December with 18% of total transactions.
 ^ IATA Passenger Demand, July 2024

AVIATION SEATS OFFERED SHOWS STEADY GROWTH IN 2024

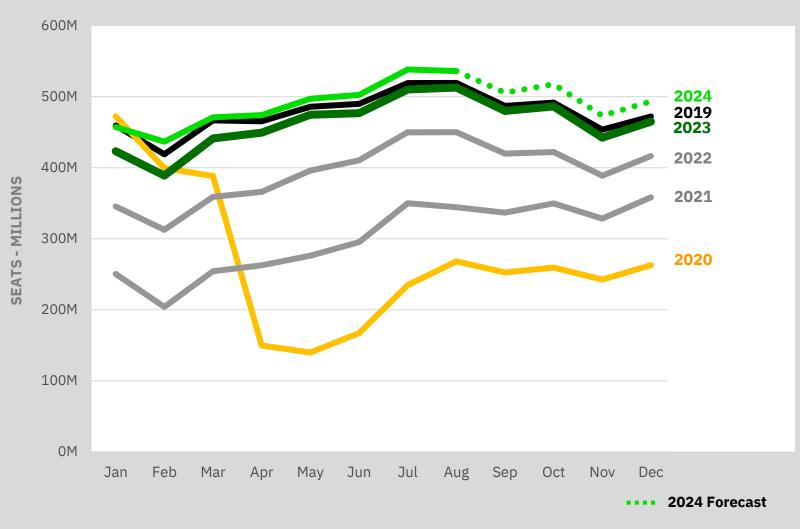
Total seats offered for calendar year 2024 is up ↑3.04% (+175M) on 2019 and ↑6.15% (+352M) on 2023.

2024 is the new baseline for aviation growth after 2023. And 2025 airline schedules are forecast to be positive with continued increases.

	FLIGHTS
♠ 6%	♦ 8%
1 9%	1 3%
↑ 8%	1 6%
1 5%	₩ 2%
1 2%	= 0%
= 0%	4 6%
4%	♦ 6%
	 ↑ 9% ↑ 8% ↑ 5% ↑ 2% = 0%

CONSULTING

GLOBAL SEATS



Long-range aviation forecasts are subject to change. Therefore, we recommend only observing schedules 4-6 weeks ahead. FCM Consulting Analytics as of August 19th 2024 Source Data: Cirium Air Seats

GLOBAL AIRLINES

SEATS OFFERED IN 2024 & 2023 COMPARED TO 2019

The forecast seats offered across the top corporate global airlines in 2024 are set to be **A5%** above 2019.

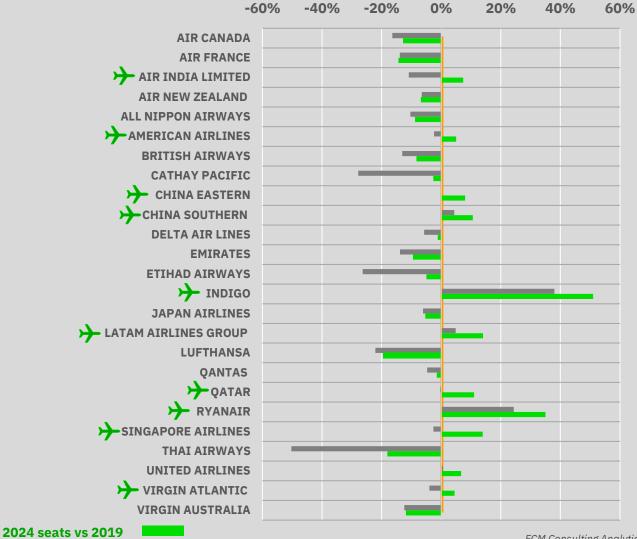
In comparison, seats offered in 2023 were ♥2% below 2019 levels.

Eleven of the top corporate airlines are forecast to exceed their 2019 levels by 2024. Five of the airlines' home countries are within the Asia Pacific region.

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TOP GLOBAL CORPORATE AIRLINES

Top global corporate airlines (by seats). Chart shows % of seats offered in 2024 and 2023 as a percentage compared to 2019.



2023 seats vs 2019

FCM Consulting Analytics as of August 19th 2024 Source Data: Cirium Air Seats

ECONOMY CLASS & BUSINESS CLASS FARES STABILIZE

Across 380 city pairs, economy class airfares are up **^**\$65 (+15%) and business class **^** \$209 (+11%) as business class pricing moderates in some markets.

Purchased airfare % change YTD May 2024 vs 2019 same period

NOR	TH AMERI	CA			EUROPE				ASIA	
	ECONOMY	BUSINESS	Per SF Con	1	ECONOMY	BUSINESS	Cast Contain		ECONOMY	BUSINESS
BOS-PVG	15%	♦ 4%		DUB-LHR	1 34%	1 91%		SHA-SIN	♦ 2%	♦ 16%
EWR-ORD	↓ 40%	♦ 7%		FRA-MAD	1 26%	♦ 3%		BOM-DEL	1 20%	1 0%
FRA-JFK	13%	♦ 9%		JFK-LHR	11%	♦ 10%		BOM-LHR	18%	16%
JFK-LAX	1 27%	1 3%		LHR-MAD	1 20%	♦ 7%		PVG-SIN	♦ 1%	† 7%
JFK-YYC	1 4%	= 0%	Par ser	LHR-PVG	↑ 7%	1 6%	1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LAX-PEK	1 8%	15%
LAT	IN AMERI	CA		MIDDL	E EAST/A	FRICA		AUSTRAI	.IA/NEW	ZEALAND
	ECONOMY	BUSINESS	au		ECONOMY	BUSINESS	The second s		ECONOMY	BUSINESS
CGH-JFK	1 23%	NA		CPT-DXB	^ 6%	1 33%	and the second sec	AKL-JFK	15%	1 25%
CGH-LHR	13%	NA		DXB-FRA	16%	18%		AKL-SYD	12%	♦ 49%
EWR-SDU	18%	NA		DXB-SYD	1 7%	^ 21%		MEL-SYD	^ 3%	1 25%
FRA-SDU	1 9%	NA		FRA-JNB	11%	11%		SIN-SYD	♦ 2%	† 5%
SDU-YYZ	16%	NA		JNB-LHR	11%	↑ 9%		LAX-SYD	18%	1 20%



COMMUNICATION CUT THROUGH

IN-PERSON MEETINGS JUST GOT A WHOLE LOT BETTER

- The volume of updates and communications in a typical corporate travel program over the past few years was at an all-time high.
- Over this time, we relied on creating impactful messages to a virtual audience, predominantly through electronic communication channels.

Is this still driving an impact?

Here is our guide to cutting through and mixing communication methods for better engagement and outcomes.

Engaging different frameworks, such as the interest versus influence matrix (as used by Cohen & Co), is just one example of identifying target audiences and changing your delivery.



1

TIME FOR CHANGE

As we head into the second half of the calendar year, we recognize that this time of year can bring about the most change in corporate travel programs: new financial year, supplier contract renewals, seasonal shifts impacting demand and supply, etc.

We encourage travel managers to carefully consider how they will ensure all **stakeholder groups** are involved and engaged early on.

Ensuring that travel program users adopt and use new features and content available to them is a good way to **health check** your stakeholder engagement processes. We use travel success metrics to measure the impact of change.

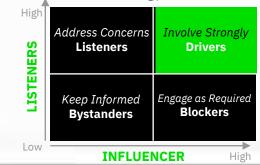


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WINNING FORMULA

- **Build a stakeholder map** and know your target audience in advance.
- Know your message and align all communications around it.
- Consider where your message is meeting them. Don't rely on one communication style – meet them in different ways, recognizing that in-person beats virtual.

Try a quick framework*, plot out each stakeholder group, and develop your communication strategy.



For more insights into travel communications, contact Eve Smith at FCM Consulting: eve.smith@flightcentre.co.uk



MAINTAIN YOUR TRAVEL CATEGORY





CONSIDER YOUR PLAN

Corporate procurement teams that are achieving successful travel program results are underpinned with a well-managed travel category plan. Plans are simple, easy to follow, and measurable.

When building a modern travel category plan, consider some of the following:

- Business assessment to determine key drivers
- Business needs for travel and ROI
- Stakeholder engagement
- Travel volumes for current and future state
- Market analysis

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- Supplier capabilities and stability
- Departmental resourcing to drive outcomes
- Communication plan to foster engagement

WEATHERING THE STORM

Even the best-made category plans will be affected by unexpected external influences that impact the business goals, targets, and **KPIs**:

- Supply and demand shifts
- **Economic** conditions
- Geopolitical unrest
- Natural disasters

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- **Sustainability** practices and targets
- **Traveler wellbeing** and satisfaction when budgets change
- **Supplier changes** such as innovation, stagnation, mergers, and acquisition

Keep your category plan alive and review it regularly. Evaluate the travel industry, define clear metrics and engage your travel management company and internal business to drive success.

For more details on category management planning, contact Mike Cox at FCM Consulting: michael.cox@us.fcm.travel **BWH** Hotels

Inspiring Travel Through Unique Experiences

18 brands across every chain scale segment, 4300 hotels

Carlton Hotel Bangkok Sukhumvit | WorldHotels™ Elite | Bangkok, Thailand





ACCOMMODATION Key Takeaways Q2-2024

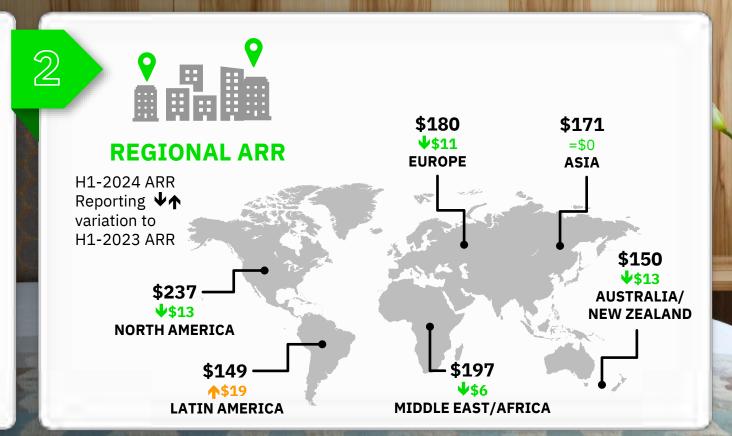
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OCCUPANCY

As reported by STR on July 6, 2024, global hotel occupancy rates were forecast to reach 70% in July.

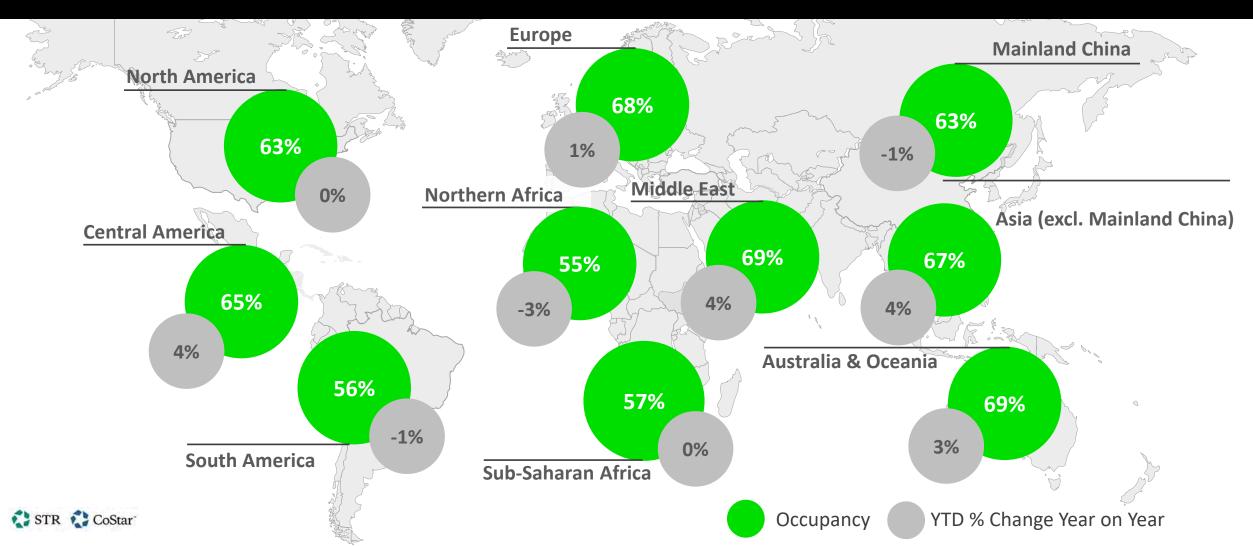
Mid-year 2024 is forecast to be the peak in hotel occupancy, coinciding with the northern hemisphere summer.

The hotel average room rate across the top 100 corporate cities reported by FCM Consulting's business analytics team was **\$182, ↓\$5** on H1-2023.



OCCUPANCY SLOWLY GROWING

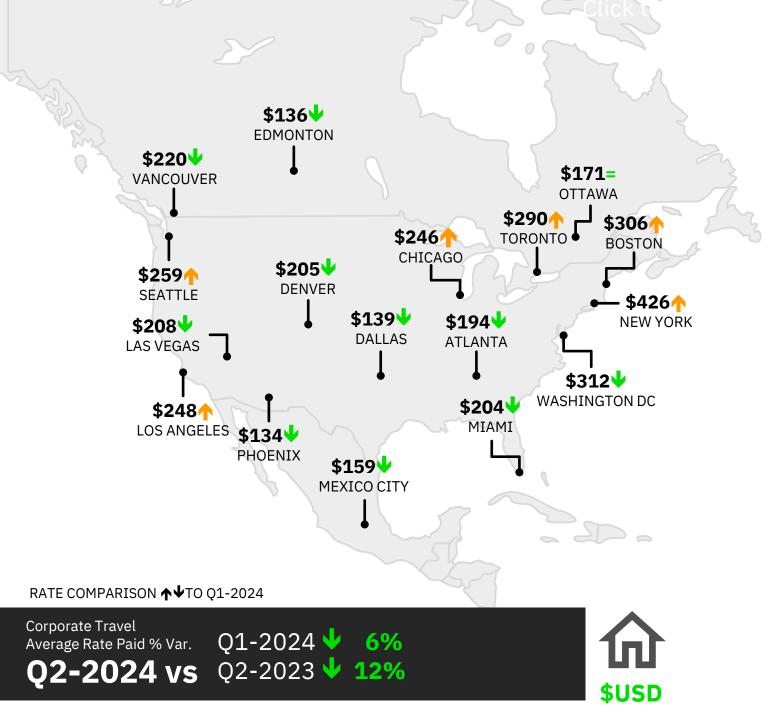
Occupancy, YTD June 2024 and % change to 2023



OWTH FLUCTUATES AS AVELER PATTERNS CHANGE

Occupancy, Year on Year % change, June YTD 2024





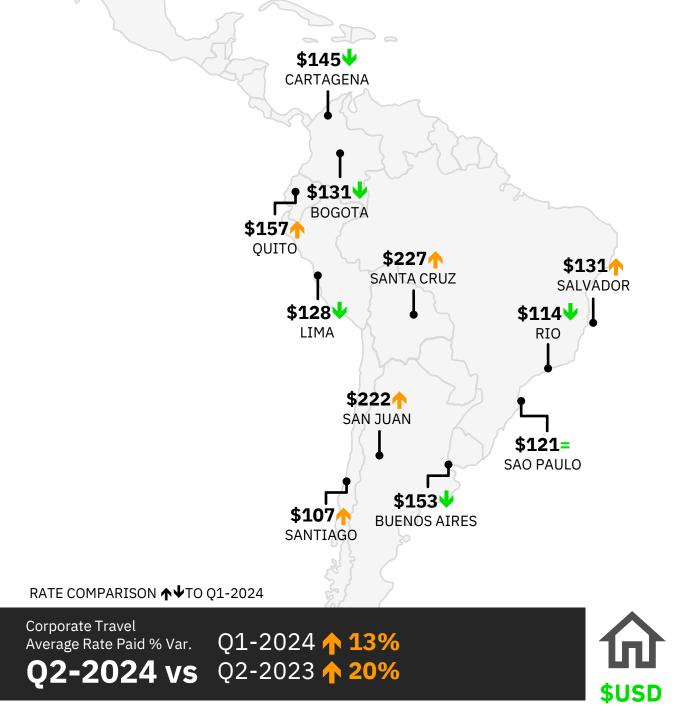
NORTH AMERICA

Accommodation **Q2-2024**

THE REGIONAL ARR IN Q2-2024 DROPPED ♥\$31 VS Q2-2023. ONLY MAJOR CORPORATE CITIES SAW RISES

RATE COMPARISON TO Q1-2024

- CHICAGO **10%** LOS ANGELES **10%** NEW YORK **31%** MEXICO CITY **18%**
 - VANCOUVER 🛛 🕹 30%



LATIN AMERICA

Accommodation **Q2-2024**

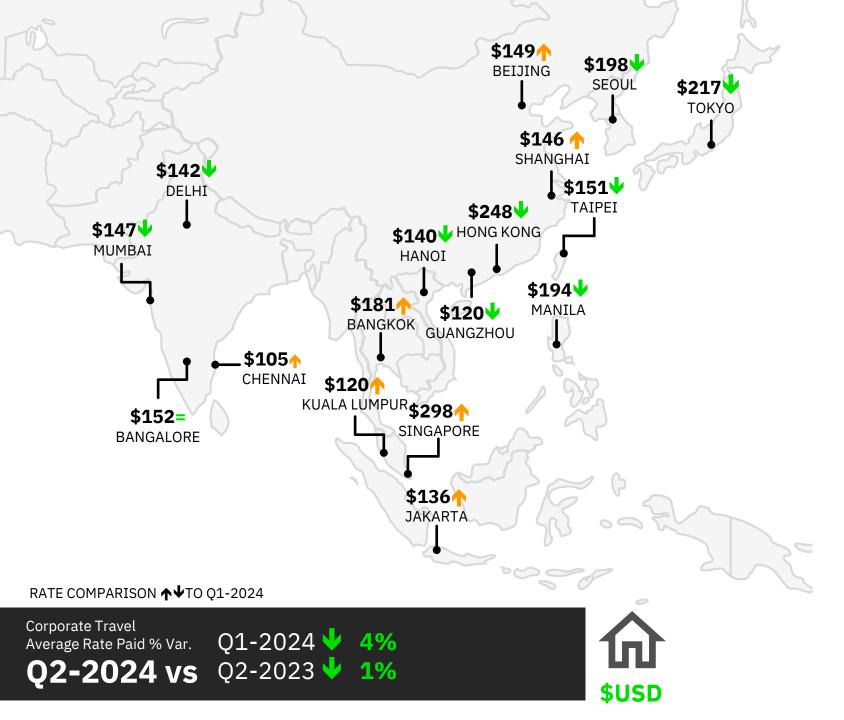
THE REGION SAW A STRONG \$20 ARR RISE IN Q2-2024 COMPARED TO SAME PERIOD IN 2023 AS CORPORATE TRAVEL VOLUMES REGULATE. RATE COMPARISON TO 01-2021 • BUENOS AIRES

LIMA

RIO

SANTIAGO

SAO PAULO



ASIA

Accommodation **Q2-2024**

ONE YEAR AFTER CHINA'S BORDER OPENED, THE REGIONAL ARR HOLDS STRONG FOR H1-2024.

RATE COMPARISON TO 01-2024

- CHENNAI
- JAKARTA

10%

5%

- MANILA
- 🔹 KUALA L'UMPUR 🦩 11
- SHANGHAI
- SINGAPORE 127%

AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND

Accommodation **Q2-2024**

SEVERAL TOP CITY ARRS DECLINED IN Q2-2024 AS CONSUMERS SHIFT CHOICES.

12%

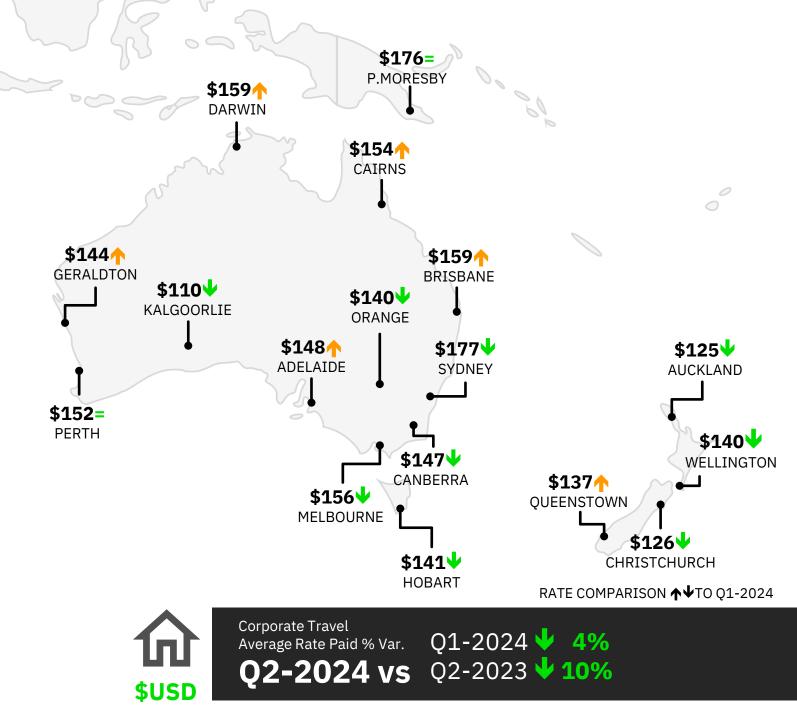
RATE COMPARISON TO Q1-2024

- ADELAIDE
- AUCKLAND
- MELBOURNE
- SYDNEY

FCN

WELLINGTON

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EUROPE

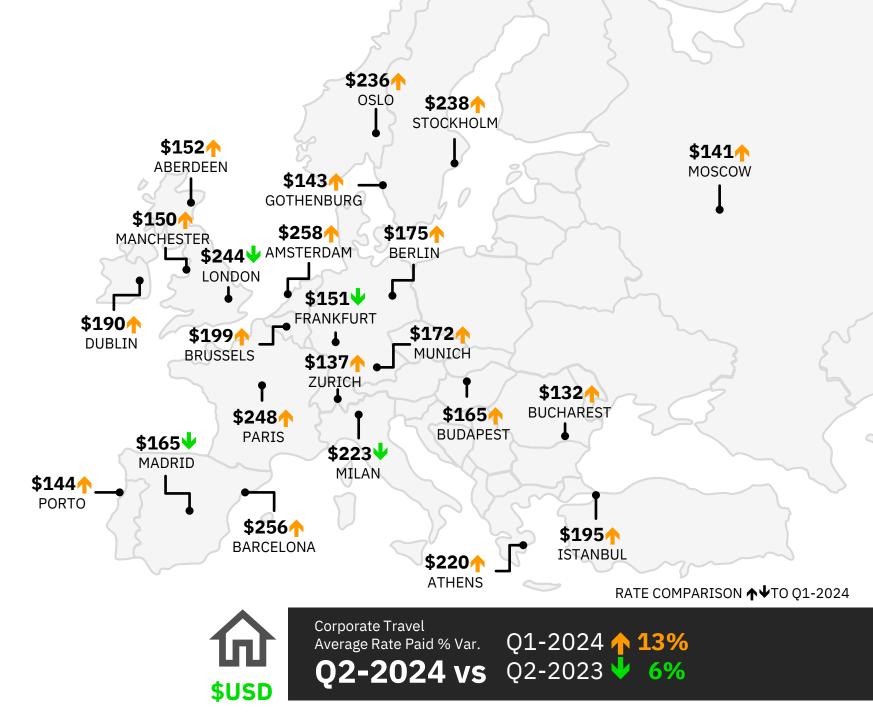
Accommodation **Q2-2024**

A SIGNIFICANT RESET ACROSS THE REGION AS THE ARR ROSE 13% ON Q1-2024.

RATE COMPARISON TO 01-2024

- BERLIN
- DUBLIN
- FRANKFURT
- LONDON
- MADRID





MIDDLE EAST AND AFRICA

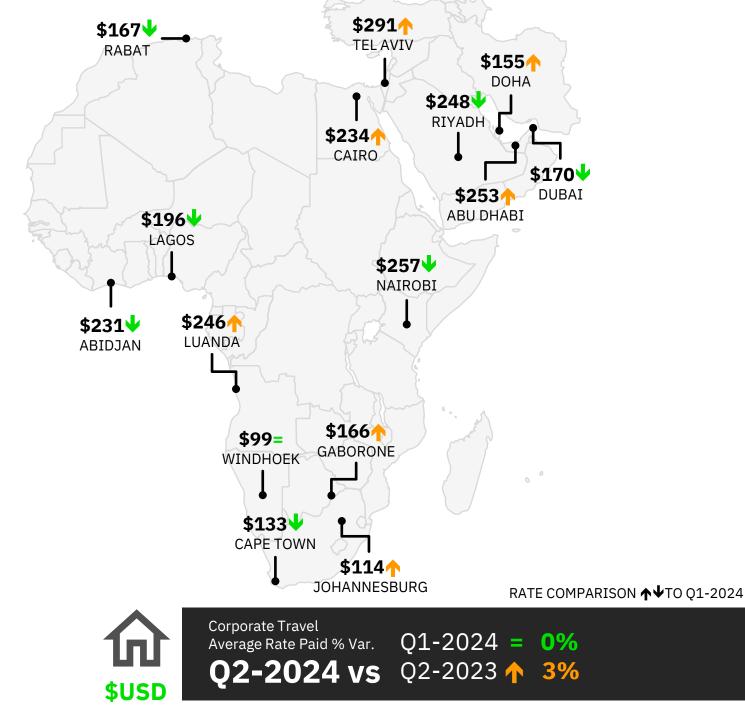
Accommodation **Q2-2024**

WITH MINOR IN-MARKET VARIATIONS, THE REGIONAL ARR REMAINED FLAT FOR 12 MONTHS.

RATE COMPARISON TO 01-2024

- CAIRO
- **CAPE TOWN**
- DUBAI
- JOHANNESBURG
- RIYADH





Mobility Key Takeaways Q2-2024



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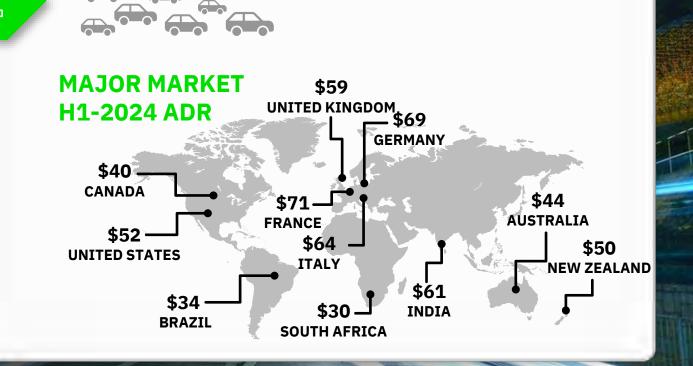


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H1-2024 CAR RENTAL

The H1-2024 global average daily rate was **\$54, -26%** compared to 2023.





^ ADR = Average Daily Rate Booked

Our Team

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G20 GLOBAL ECONOMY

Key Macro Indicators Q2-2024

Geopolitical instability in the Middle East remains and could potentially increase over the coming months.

- Jet fuel pricing has remained stable between US\$100 and \$110 a barrel over the past quarter. However, events in the Middle East may result in an upward push in price rises.
- While economic uncertainty remains for H2-2024, the cost of travel is likely to hold or decline in some areas due to softening demand.
- The reported metrics show that the Euro area is still weak. Key markets such as Germany and France report decreases in manufacturing and service indicators.
- As a positive, from previous quarterly analysis, inflation rises have slowed.
- The remaining (G20) countries, with some minor exceptions, are showing positive trends across PMI and Unemployment. However, inflation has increased slightly from previous quarters.

FCM Consulting shares a sampling of the key metrics to understand future economics on corporate travel budgets: **PMI**, **Unemployment**, and **Inflation**. Other influences that impact the cost of travel include geopolitical instability, weather and natural disaster impacts, seasonality, government elections, holiday periods, large-scale events, e.g., the Olympics, and others not mentioned here.

^PMI – Purchasing Managers Index

More details on PMI, Unemployment and Inflation can be found at the end of the report.

* Manufacturing PMI only

COUNTRY/REGION	PMI^ COMPOSITE		UNEMPLOYMENT		INFLATION	
(G20)	Last (Jun/Jul-24)	Variation from previous month	Last (May/Jun-24)	Variation from previous	Last (Jun-24)	Variation from previous month
INDIA	61.4	0.01	9.20	2.20	5.08	0.33
SAUDI ARABIA*	55.0	-0.02	3.50	0.10	1.50	-0.10
RUSSIA	49.8	-0.03	2.60	0.00	8.60	0.30
BRAZIL	54.1	0.00	7.10	-0.40	4.23	0.30
SPAIN	55.8	-0.01	11.27	-1.02	3.40	-0.20
SOUTH KOREA*	52.0	0.01	2.80	0.00	2.40	-0.30
CHINA	52.8	-0.02	5.00	0.00	0.20	-0.10
UNITED KINGDOM	52.7	0.01	4.40	0.00	2.00	0.00
MEXICO*	51.1	0.00	2.60	0.00	4.98	0.29
INDONESIA*	50.7	-0.03	4.82	-0.50	2.51	-0.33
NETHERLANDS*	50.7	-0.03	3.60	0.00	3.20	0.50
SINGAPORE	55.2	0.02	2.10	0.10	2.40	-0.70
UNITED STATES	55.0	0.00	4.10	0.10	3.00	-0.30
CANADA	47.5	-0.06	6.40	0.20	2.70	-0.20
JAPAN	52.6	0.06	2.60	0.00	2.80	0.00
TURKEY*	47.9	-0.01	8.40	-0.10	71.60	-3.85
AUSTRALIA	50.2	-0.01	4.10	0.10	3.60	-0.50
ITALY	51.3	-0.02	6.80	0.00	0.80	0.00
SOUTH AFRICA	49.2	-0.02	32.90	0.80	5.10	-0.10
EURO AREA	50.1	-0.02	6.40	0.00	2.50	-0.10
FRANCE	49.5	0.01	7.50	0.00	2.20	-0.10
SWITZERLAND	48.0	0.01	2.30	0.00	1.30	-0.10
GERMANY	48.7	-0.03	6.00	0.10	2.20	-0.20

GLOBAL ECONOMY

Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) is a measure of the prevailing direction of economic trends in manufacturing and services. PMI is based on a monthly survey of supply chain managers across 19 industries covering upstream and downstream activity. A composite PMI[™] is the weighted average of manufacturing and service sector PMIs for a given geography or economy produced by S&P Global. The headline PMI is from 0 to 100, meaning a PMI >50 represents an expansion compared to the prior month. A PMI <50 is a contraction and 50 indicates no change.

Unemployment Rate is a percentage of people in the labor force who are unemployed or not employed. The labor force includes people who are either employed or unemployed. The unemployment rate is a lagging percentage indicator that rises when the economy is in poor shape and jobs are scarce. High unemployment also reduces the amount of disposable income of households and can diminish economic output.

Inflation is a percentage measure in which prices will rise, typically, the rate at which goods and services will increase. It is interpreted to mean that a unit of currency effectively buys less than it did in prior periods. It is often reported as a percentage increase. Inflation can be contrasted with deflation, which occurs when prices decline and purchasing power increases.

More Information

FCM Consulting

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